

tice of application to pass such law shall have been given, under such direction and in such manner as shall be provided by law;" has no power to pass "any local, private, or special act or resolution relating to the establishment of courts inferior to the Superior Court; relating to the appointment of justices of the peace; relating to health, sanitation, and the abatement of nuisances; changing names of cities, towns, and townships, authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, maintaining or discontinuing of highways, streets, or alleys; relating to ferries or bridges; relating to nonnavigable streams; relating to cemeteries; relating to the pay of jurors; erecting new townships, or changing township lines, or establishing or changing the lines of school districts; remitting fines, penalties, and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the public treasury; regulating labor, trade mining or manufacturing; extending the time for the assessment or collection of taxes or otherwise relieving any collector of taxes from the due performance of his official duties or his sureties from liability; giving effect to informal wills and deeds; nor shall the General Assembly enact any such local, private or special act by the partial repeal of a general law, but it may at any time repeal local, private or special laws enacted by it." Any local, private, or special act or resolution passed in violation of these provisions is void. The General Assembly has power to pass general laws regulating matters set out in this paragraph. (Sec. 11, 12, 15 and 29).

102 D. Passage of Bills: "All bills and resolutions of a legislative nature shall be read three times in each House before they pass into law, and shall be signed by the presiding officers of both Houses." (Sec. 23).

102 E. Regulation With Regard to Raising of Money and Taxes: "No Law shall be passed to raise money on the credit of the State, or to pledge the faith of the State, directly or indirectly, for the payment of any debt, or to impose any tax upon the people of the State, or allow the counties, cities or towns to do so, unless the bill for the purpose shall have been read three several times in each house of the General Assembly and passed three several readings, which readings shall have been on three different days, and agreed to by each house respectively, and unless the yeas and nays on the second and third readings of the bill shall have been entered on the journal." (Sec. 14).

102 F. Vacancies: "If vacancies occur in the General Assembly by death, resignation or otherwise, writs of election shall be issued by the Governor under such regulations as may be prescribed by law." (Sec. 13).

102 G. Payment of Members: Members of the General Assembly are paid four dollars per day for each day of their session, for a period not exceeding sixty days, and Presiding Officers six dollars, and are entitled to receive ten cents per mile both while coming to